

I'm Not So Sure Anymore
Activity 3 Notes Day 1

Name:

Date:

Hr:

Define: (p. 194)

Expected Value -

How do you calculate Expected Value?

Fair Game -

Example 1:

In one state lottery, players select 4 numbers from 1-28. Tickets cost \$0.50 each. The table below shows the values of the prizes in this lottery.

# of Matches	Prize	Probability of Winning with One Ticket
4	\$10,000	1/363,000
3	\$500	180/363,000
2	\$1	6097/363,000

a) If a player buys ONE ticket, what is the expected value of the game? Describe how you determined your response.

b) Can players make the lottery a fair game by buying more than one ticket? Explain!

Example 2:

You have decided to play the NEW Apple Lottery. The cost of a ticket is \$1.00. The table below shows the values of the prizes in this lottery.

Event	Prize	Wins	Experimental Probability	Expected Winnings
Matching 2 numbers	\$3.00			
Matching 1 numbers	\$1.00			
Matching 0 numbers	\$0			

- a) Use your calculator to play the NEW Apple Lottery 20 times. Determine the number of times you won each prize and enter your results in the WINS column above.
- b) Complete the last 2 columns of the chart.
- c) Determine the expected value of Apple Lottery.
- d) Is the NEW Apple Lottery a fair game? Why or Why Not?

Example 3:

Imagine you have purchased one ticket for a benefit raffle. A total of 600 tickets have been sold for \$2 each. From these tickets, one winner will be chosen at random. The prize is worth \$250.

- a) Determine the probability that you will win the game.
- b) What is the expected value of this raffle for one ticket?
- c) Is the raffle a fair game? Explain!

