

Name: _____

Date: _____

Surface Area

Area, Perimeter, and Volume

Calculating Surface Area of a Cylinder

$SA = 2B + Ch$, where $B = \text{area of the base } (\pi r^2)$,
 $C = \text{circumference of the base } (\pi d)$, and $h = \text{height}$

Step 1: Find the base and calculate its area.

$$B = \pi r^2$$

$$B = 3.14 \cdot 6^2$$

$$B = 3.14 \cdot 36$$

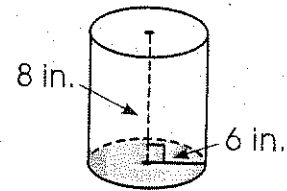
$$B = 113.04 \text{ in.}^2$$

Step 2: Calculate the circumference of the base.

$$C = \pi d$$

$$C = 3.14 \cdot 12$$

$$C = 37.68 \text{ in.}$$



Step 3: Find the cylinder's height.
 $h = 8 \text{ in.}$

Step 4: Substitute the base's area, the base's circumference, and the height into the formula.

$$SA = 2B + Ch$$

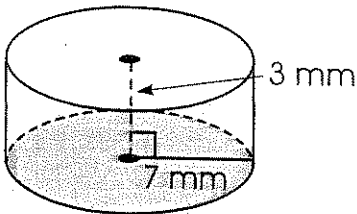
$$SA = 2(113.04) + (37.68)(8)$$

$$SA = 226.08 + 301.44$$

$$SA = 527.52 \text{ in.}^2$$

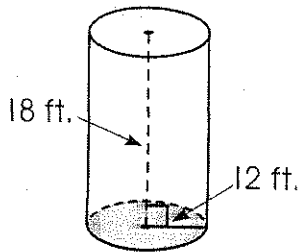
Use a calculator to find the surface area of each cylinder. Show your work on a separate sheet of paper. Round to the nearest hundredth.

1.



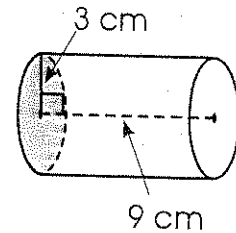
SA = _____

2.



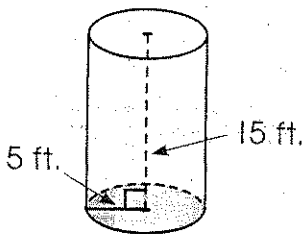
SA = _____

3.



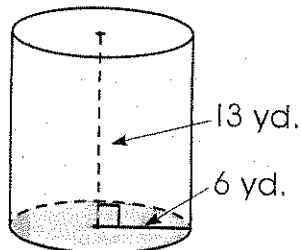
SA = _____

4.



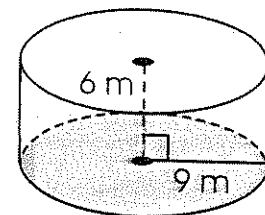
SA = _____

5.



SA = _____

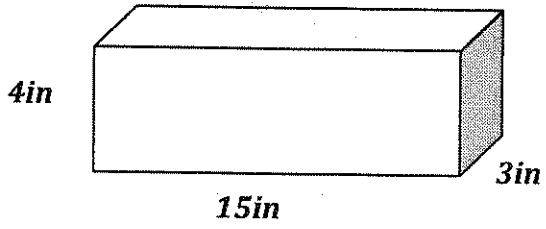
6.



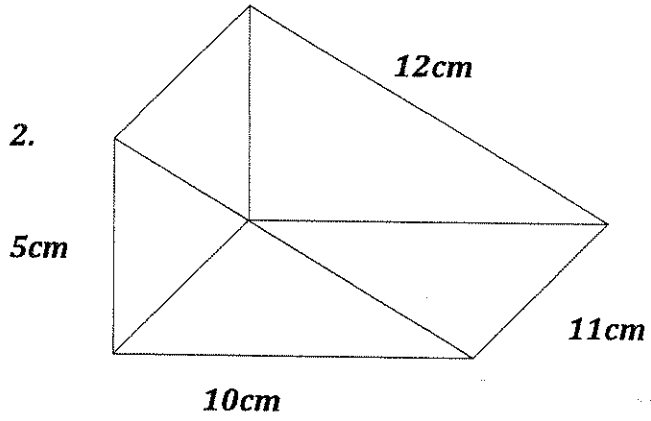
SA = _____

Find the Surface Area of the following figures:

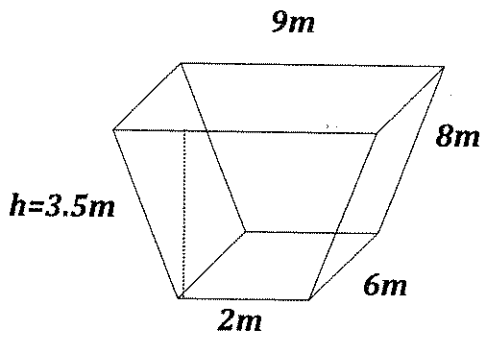
1.



2.



3.



4.

